- <sup>2</sup> Power and antenna height are restricted to the minimum necessary to achieve the required service. <sup>3</sup> Transmitter power may be increased to overcome line and duplexer losses but must not exceed 25 watts delivered to the an-
- Fragmenter power may be increased to overcome line and duplexer losses but must not exceed 25 waits delivered to in tenna.

  4 Frequency, emission, and maximum power will be determined after coordination with appropriate Government agencies.

  5 To be used with airborne marine equipment certificated for part 80 (ship) and used in accordance with part 87.

  6 Applicable only to marine frequencies used for public correspondence.

  7 Frequency, emission, and maximum power will be determined by appropriate standards during the certification process.

  8 Power may not exceed 60 watts per carrier. The maximum EIRP may not exceed 2000 watts per carrier.

  9 Excludes automatic link establishment.

- <sup>10</sup> Power is limited to 0.5 watt, but may not exceed 2 watts when station is used in an automatic unattended mode.

[54 FR 11720, Mar. 22, 1989, as amended at 57 FR 45749, Oct. 5, 1992; 62 FR 40308, July 28, 1997; 63 FR 36607, July 7, 1998; 64 FR 27474, May 20, 1999; 66 FR 26798, May 15, 2001]

## §87.133 Frequency stability.

(a) Except as provided in paragraphs (c), (d), and (f) of this section, the carrier frequency of each station must be maintained within these tolerances:

Tolerance   Tolerance   Tolerance   Tolerance   Green   Tolerance   Tolerance   Green   Tolerance   Tolerance   Green   Tolerance   Toleranc			
Aeronautical stations         100         100           Aircraft stations         200         100           Survival craft stations on 500 kHz         5,000         20 Hz ³           Radionavigation stations         100         100           (2) Band-1605 to 4000 kHz:         100         100           Aeronautical stations:         100         100           Power 200 W or less         50         50 8           Aeronautical stations:         1007         1007.8           Power 200 W or less         507         50.78           Aircraft stations         1007         1007.8           Survival craft stations on 2182 kHz         200         20 Hz ³           (3) Band-4 to 29.7 MHz:         200         20 Hz ³           Aeronautical fixed stations:         50         Power 300 W or less         50           Power 500 W or less         50         Power 30         50           Power 500 W or less         50         Power 30         20           Class F1B emissions         00         10         10           Other classes of emission:         700         750         50           Power above 500 W         750         7100         100.7           Aeronautical stations: <td>sive, upper limit inclusive), and cat-</td> <td></td> <td>Tolerance <sup>2</sup></td>	sive, upper limit inclusive), and cat-		Tolerance <sup>2</sup>
Aircraft stations	(1) Band-9 to 535 kHz:		
Survival craft stations on 500 kHz   Radionavigation stations   100   100   (2) Band-1605 to 4000 kHz:   Aeronautical fixed stations:   Power 200 W or less   50   50 s	Aeronautical stations	100	100
Radionavigation stations		200	100
(2) Band-1605 to 4000 kHz: Aeronautical fixed stations: Power 200 W or less	Survival craft stations on 500 kHz	5,000	20 Hz <sup>3</sup>
Aeronautical fixed stations:     Power 200 W or less		100	100
Power 200 W or less			
Power above 200 W			
Aeronautical stations:     Power 200 W or less			
Power 200 W or less		50	50 <sup>8</sup>
Power above 200 W			
Aircraft stations Survival craft stations on 2182 kHz 3) Band-4 to 29.7 MHz:  Aeronautical fixed stations: Power 500 W or less Power above 500 W Class F1B emissions Power 500 W or less Power above 500 W Class F1B emissions Other classes of emission: Power bove 500 W Aeronautical stations: Power 500 W or less Power above 500 W Aeronautical stations: Power 500 W or less Power above 500 W Aeronautical stations: Power 300 W or less Power above 500 W Aeronautical fixed stations: Power 200 W or less Power above 500 W Aircraft stations on 8364 kHz 4) Band-29.7 to 100 MHz: Aeronautical fixed stations: Power 200 W or less Power above 500 W Aeronautical fixed stations: Power 500 W or less Power above 500 W Aeronautical fixed stations: Power 50 W or less Power above 50 W Operational fixed stations:			
Survival craft stations on 2182 kHz 3) Band-4 to 29.7 MHz: Aeronautical fixed stations: Power 500 W or less			
3) Band-4 to 29.7 MHz:   Aeronautical fixed stations:   Fower 500 W or less   50   Fower 500 W or less   7   10   10   10   10   10   10   10			
Aeronautical fixed stations:		200	20 Hz <sup>3</sup>
Power 500 W or less			
Power above 500 W			
Single-sideband and Independent-sideband emission:         50 Hz           Power 500 W or less         20 Hz           Class F1B emissions         10 Hz           Other classes of emission:         20           Power above 500 W         10           Aeronautical stations:         7 100           Power 500 W or less         750           Aeronautical stations:         7 50           Power above 500 W         750           Aircraft stations         7 100           Survival craft stations on 8364 kHz         200           4) Band-29.7 to 100 MHz:         200           Aeronautical fixed stations:         50           Power above 200 W         30           Power above 50 W         30           Power above 50 W         20           Operational fixed stations:         20			
sideband emission:         50 Hz           Power 500 W or less         20 Hz           Power above 500 W         20 Hz           Class F1B emissions         10 Hz           Other classes of emission:         20           Power 500 W or less         20           Power above 500 W         10           Aeronautical stations:         7100         1007           Power 500 W or less         750         507           Aircraft stations         7100         1007           Survival craft stations on 8364 kHz         200         50 Hz³           4) Band-29.7 to 100 MHz:         Aeronautical fixed stations:         50           Power 200 W or less         50         50           Power above 200 W         30         30           Power 50 W or less         30         20           Operational fixed stations:         20		15	
Power 500 W or less			
Power above 500 W			
Class F1B emissions			
Other classes of emission:     Power 500 W or less			
Power 500 W or less			10 Hz
Power above 500 W			
Aeronautical stations:     Power 500 W or less			
Power 500 W or less			10
Power above 500 W			
Aircraft stations       7100       1007         Survival craft stations on 8364 kHz       200       50 Hz³         4) Band-29.7 to 100 MHz:       50 Hz³         Aeronautical fixed stations:       50         Power 200 W or less       50         Power above 200 W       30         Power 50 W or less       30         Power above 50 W       20         Operational fixed stations:       20			
Survival craft stations on 8364 kHz   200   50 Hz 3			
4) Band-29.7 to 100 MHz:   Aeronautical fixed stations:   50     Power 200 W or less   30     Power 50 W or less   30     Power 50 W or less   20     Operational fixed stations:   20			
Aeronautical fixed stations:       50         Power 200 W or less       50         Power above 200 W       30         Power 50 W or less       30         Power above 50 W       20         Operational fixed stations:		200	50 Hz <sup>3</sup>
Power 200 W or less			
Power above 200 W			
Power 50 W or less			
Power above 50 W		30	20
Operational fixed stations:			
			20
			20
/3-74.6 MHZ (Power 50 W or 50 30 less).		50	30
73–74.6 MHz (Power above 50 20 20		20	20
		20	20
W). 72–73.0 MHz and 75.4–76.0 5 5		_	_
MHz.		5	9
		100	E0
Radionavigation stations	(5) Rand-109 to 127 MHz:	100	30
Aeronautical stations		450	12 20
Emergency locator transmitter test 50 50			
stations.		30	30
Survival craft stations on 121.5 50 50		50	50
MHz.		30	55

Frequency band (lower limit exclusive, upper limit inclusive), and categories of stations	Toler- ance 1	Tolerance <sup>2</sup>
Emergency locator stations	50	50
Aircraft and other mobile sta- tions in the Aviation Services.	550	13 30
Radionavigation stations	20	20
Differential GPS		2
(6) Band-137 to 470MHz:		
Aeronautical stations	50	20
Survival craft stations on 243 MHz	50	50
Aircraft stations	505	30 10
Radionavigation stations	50	50
Emergency locator transmitters on 406 MHz.	N/A	5
(7) Band-470 to 2450 MHz:		
Aeronautical stations	100	20
Aircraft stations	100	20
Aircraft earth station		320 Hz 11
Radionavigation stations:		
470–960 MHz	500	500
960-1215 MHz	20	20
1215–2450 MHz	500	500
(8) Band-2450 to 10500 MHz:		
Radionavigation stations	<sup>6, 9</sup> 1250	1250 <sup>6, 9</sup>
(9) Band-10.5 GHz to 40 GHz:		
Radionavigation stations	5000	5000

<sup>1</sup>This tolerance is the maximum permitted until January 1, 1990, for transmitters installed before January 2, 1985, and used at the same installation. Tolerance is indicated in parts in 10<sup>6</sup> unless shown as Hertz (Hz).

<sup>2</sup>This tolerance is the maximum permitted after January 1, 1985 for parts and the alternative and the a

<sup>2</sup> This tolerance is the maximum permitted after January 1, 1985 for new and replacement transmitters and to all transmitters after January 1, 1990. Tolerance is indicated in parts in 10<sup>6</sup> unless shown as Hertz (Hz).
<sup>3</sup> For transmitters first approved after November 30, 1977.
<sup>4</sup> The tolerance for transmitters approved between January 1, 1966, and January 1, 1974, is 30 parts in 10<sup>6</sup>. The tolerance for transmitters approved after January 1, 1974, and stations using offset carrier techniques is 20 parts in 10<sup>6</sup>.
<sup>5</sup> The tolerance for transmitters approved after January 1, 1974, is 30 parts in 10<sup>5</sup>.
<sup>6</sup> In the 5000 to 5250 MHz band, the FAA requires a tolerance of ±10 kHz for Microwave Landing System stations which are to be a part of the National Airspace System (FAR 171).

171). <sup>7</sup> For single-sideband transmitters operating in the frequency bands 1605–4000 kHz and 4–29.7 MHz which are allocated exclusively to the Aeronautical Mobile (R) Service, the tolerance is: Aeronautical stations, 10 Hz; aircraft stations, 20

tolerance is: Aeronautical stations, 10 Hz; aircraft stations, 20 Hz.

<sup>9</sup>For single-sideband radiotelephone transmitters the tolerance is: In the bands 1605–4000 kHz and 4–29.7 MHz for peak envelope powers of 200 W or less and 500 W or less, respectively, 50 Hz; in the bands 1605–4000 kHz and 4–29.7 MHz for peak envelope powers above 200 W and 500 W, respectively, 20 Hz.

<sup>9</sup>Where specific frequencies are not assigned to radar stations, the bandwidth occupied by the emissions of such stations must be maintained within the band allocated to the service and the indicated tolerance does not apply.

<sup>10</sup>Until January 1, 1997, the maximum frequency tolerance for transmitters with 50 kHz channel spacing installed before January 2, 1985, is 50 parts in 10.6.

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- <sup>11</sup> For purposes of certification, a tolerance of 160 Hz applies to the reference oscillator of the AES transmitter. This is a bench test.
  <sup>12</sup> For emissions G1D and G7D, the tolerance is 2 parts per
- 106. 13 For emissions G1D and G7D, the tolerance is 2 parts per 106. 10 For emissions G1D and G7D, the tolerance is 5 parts per 106.
- (b) The power shown in paragraph (a) of this section is the peak envelope power for single-sideband transmitters and the mean power for all other transmitters
- (c) For single-sideband transmitters, the tolerance is:
- (d) For radar transmitters, except non-pulse signal radio altimeters, the frequency at which maximum emission occurs must be within the authorized frequency band and must not be closer than 1.5/T MHz to the upper and lower limits of the authorized bandwidth, where T is the pulse duration in microseconds.
- (e) The Commission may authorize tolerances other than those specified in this section upon a satisfactory showing of need.
- (f) The carrier frequency tolerance of transmitters operating in the 1435-1535 MHz and 2310-2390 MHz bands manufactured before January 2, 1985, is 0.003 percent. The carrier frequency tolerance of transmitters operating in the

1435–1535 MHz and 2310–2390 MHz bands manufactured after January 1, 1985, is 0.002 percent. After January 1, 1990, the carrier frequency tolerance of all transmitters operating in the 1435–1535 MHz and 2310–2390 MHz bands is 0.002 percent.

[53 FR 28940, Aug. 1, 1988, as amended at 56 FR 38084, Aug. 12, 1991; 57 FR 45749, Oct. 5, 1992; 58 FR 31027, May 26, 1993; 63 FR 36607, July 7, 1998; 64 FR 27474, May 20, 1999; 66 FR 26799, May 15, 2001]

## §87.135 Bandwidth of emission.

- (a) Occupied bandwidth is the width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power of a given emission.
- (b) The authorized bandwidth is the maximum occupied bandwidth authorized to be used by a station.
- (c) The necessary bandwidth for a given class of emission is the width of the frequency band which is just sufficient to ensure the transmission of information at the rate and with the quality required under specified conditions.

## §87.137 Types of emission.

(a) The assignable emissions, corresponding emission designators and authorized bandwidths are as follows:

		Authorized bandwidth (kilohertz)		
Class of emission	Emission desig- nator	Below 50 MHz	Above 50 MHz	Fre- quen- cy de- vi- ation
A1A 1	100HA1A	0.25		
A1N	300HA1N		0.75	
A2A	2K04A2A	2.74	50	
A2D	6K0A2D		50	
A2D <sup>5</sup>	13K0A2D		50	
A3E <sup>2</sup>	6K00A3E		<sup>3</sup> 50	
A3E	3K20A3E 15		<sup>15</sup> 25	
A3X4	3K20A3X		25	
A9W <sup>5</sup>	13K0A9W		25	
F1B <sup>1</sup>	1K70F1B	1.7		
F1B <sup>1</sup>		2.5		
F2D			(9)	
F3E <sup>6</sup>	16K0F3E		20	5
F3E <sup>7</sup>	36K0F3E		40	15
F7D8			(9)	
F9D	5M0F9D		(9)	
G1D	16K0G1D		20kHz	
G1D 16			25	
G1D	14K0G1D		25	
G1E <sup>16</sup>			25	
G1W <sup>16</sup>	121K0G1W	l l	25	I